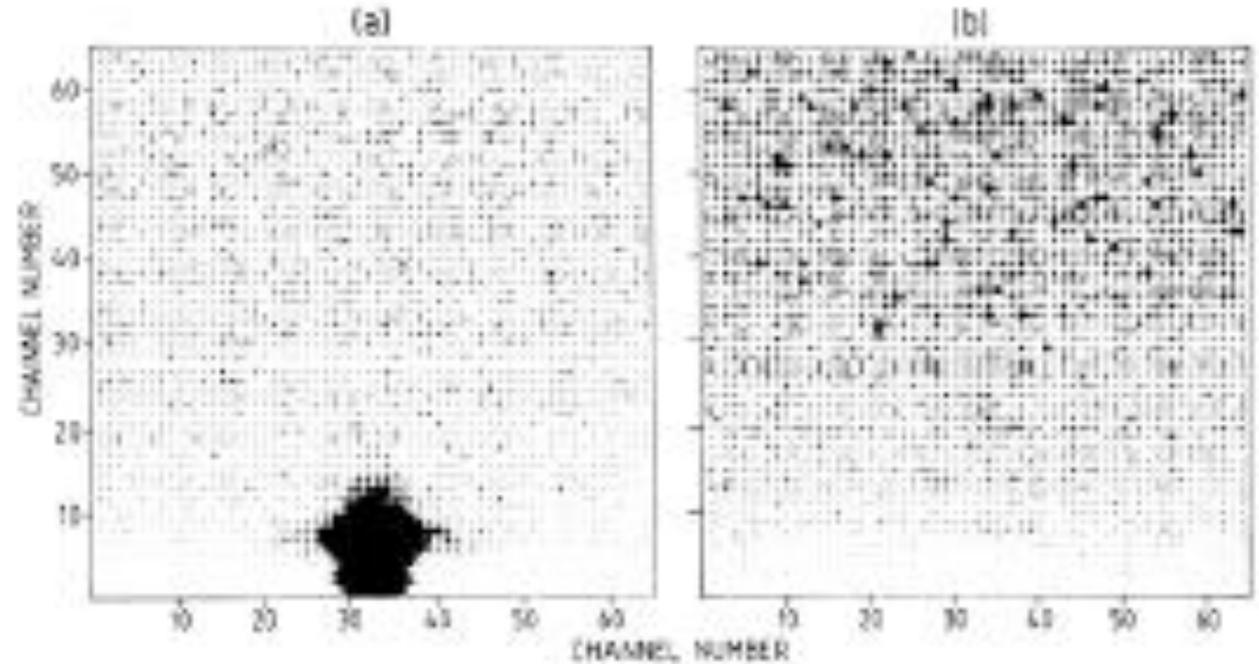
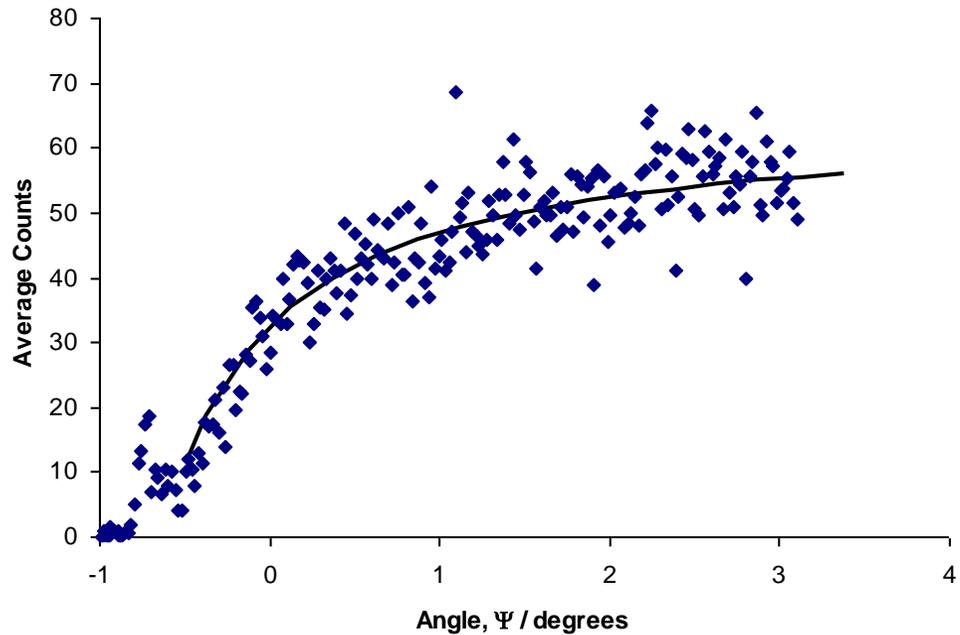


Background – some ideas

What is 'background'?

- Parts of the detected signal that one does (currently) not want to analyse
- Components are:
 - Instrument dependent
 - Sample environment dependent
 - Sample dependent
- Challenges: Often largest component of signal and multiple scattering

Solvent background



Scattering from D₂O and from null reflecting water (8% D₂O) (Water/Air interface)

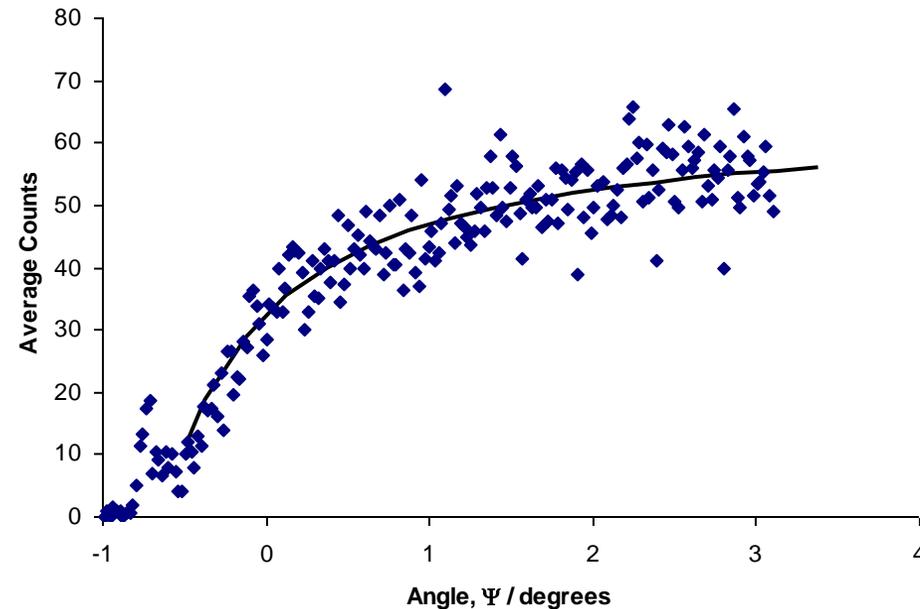
D17 – ILL, Grenoble

Multiple Incoherent Scattering

$$P(\theta) = 1/[4\pi \mu^2 \{(1/\sin \theta_i) - (1/\sin \theta_o)\}]$$

Background for reflection is not flat

Multiple scattering and geometry
give non-uniform intensity

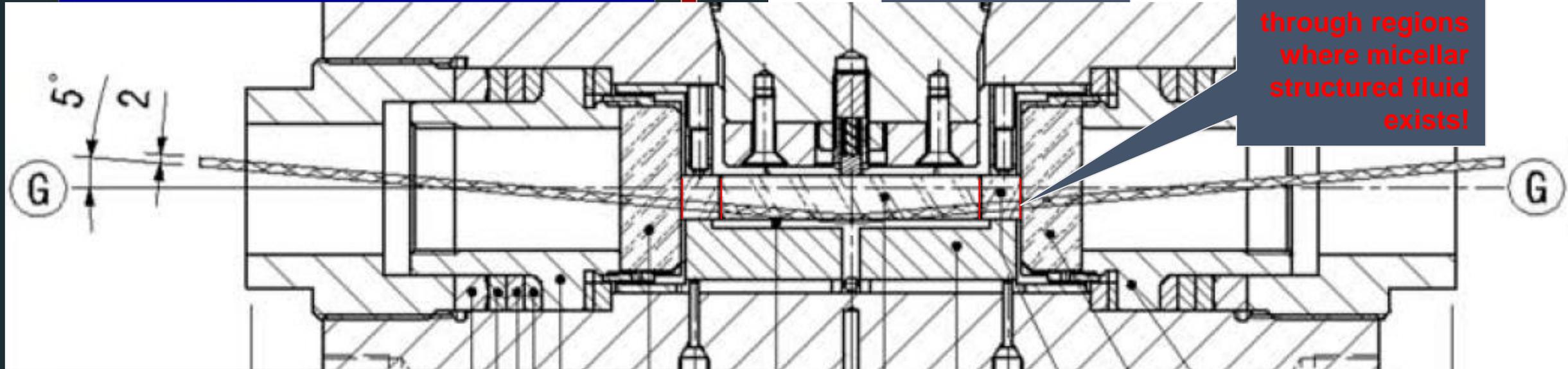


8% D₂O in H₂O - null reflecting water

Figaro, ILL, Grenoble, 0.6° incidence

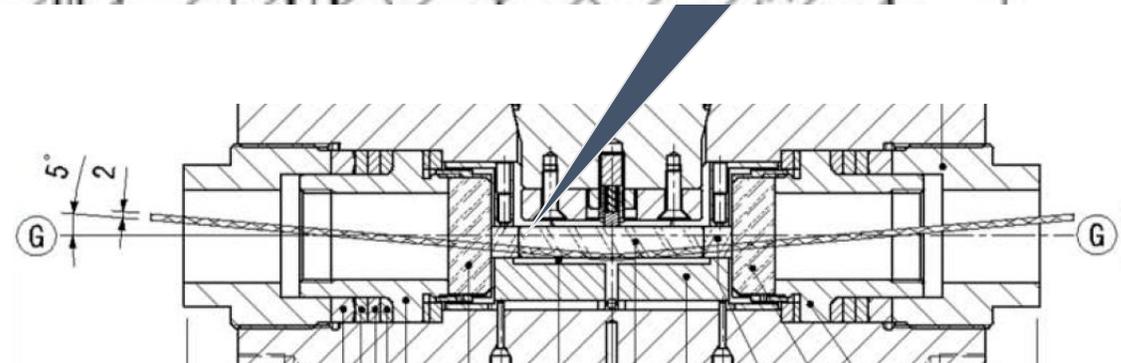
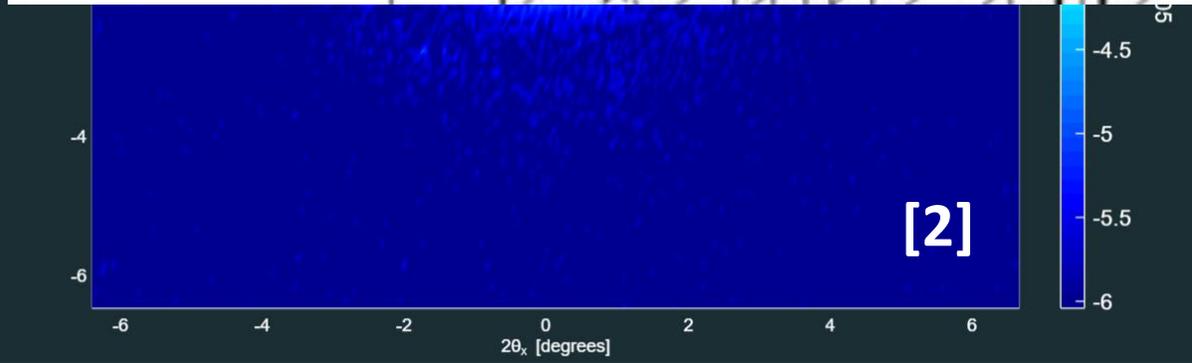
Sample Environment

- Scattering may include some sample:
 - Material not at interface
 - Inelastic scattering
- Sample attenuates beam
- Sample modifies reflectivity
- Simple subtraction is likely not to work



DB contains "SANS-like"

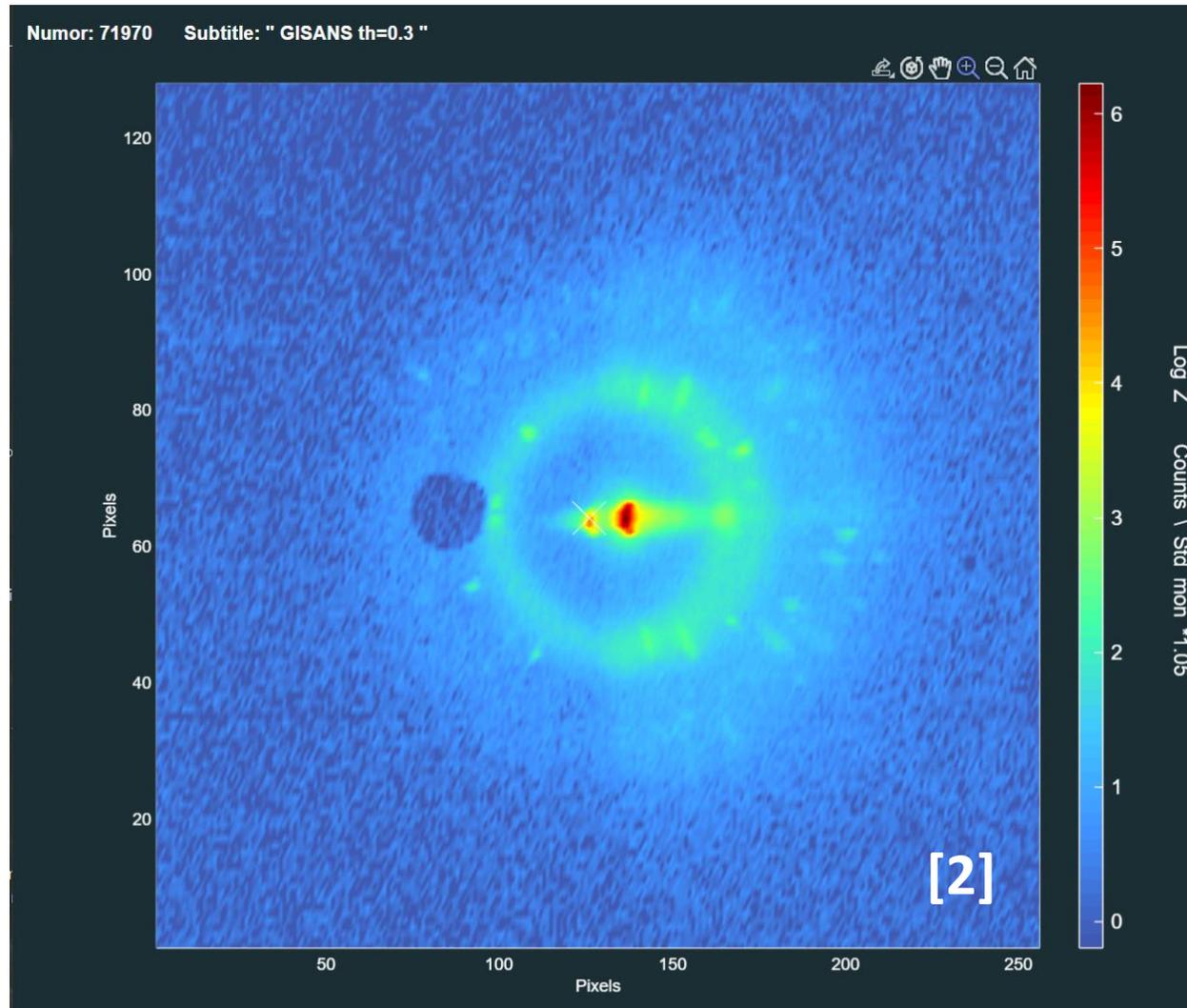
DB crosses through regions where micellar structured fluid exists!



(Direct Beam, T=35 °C, P=1 bar)

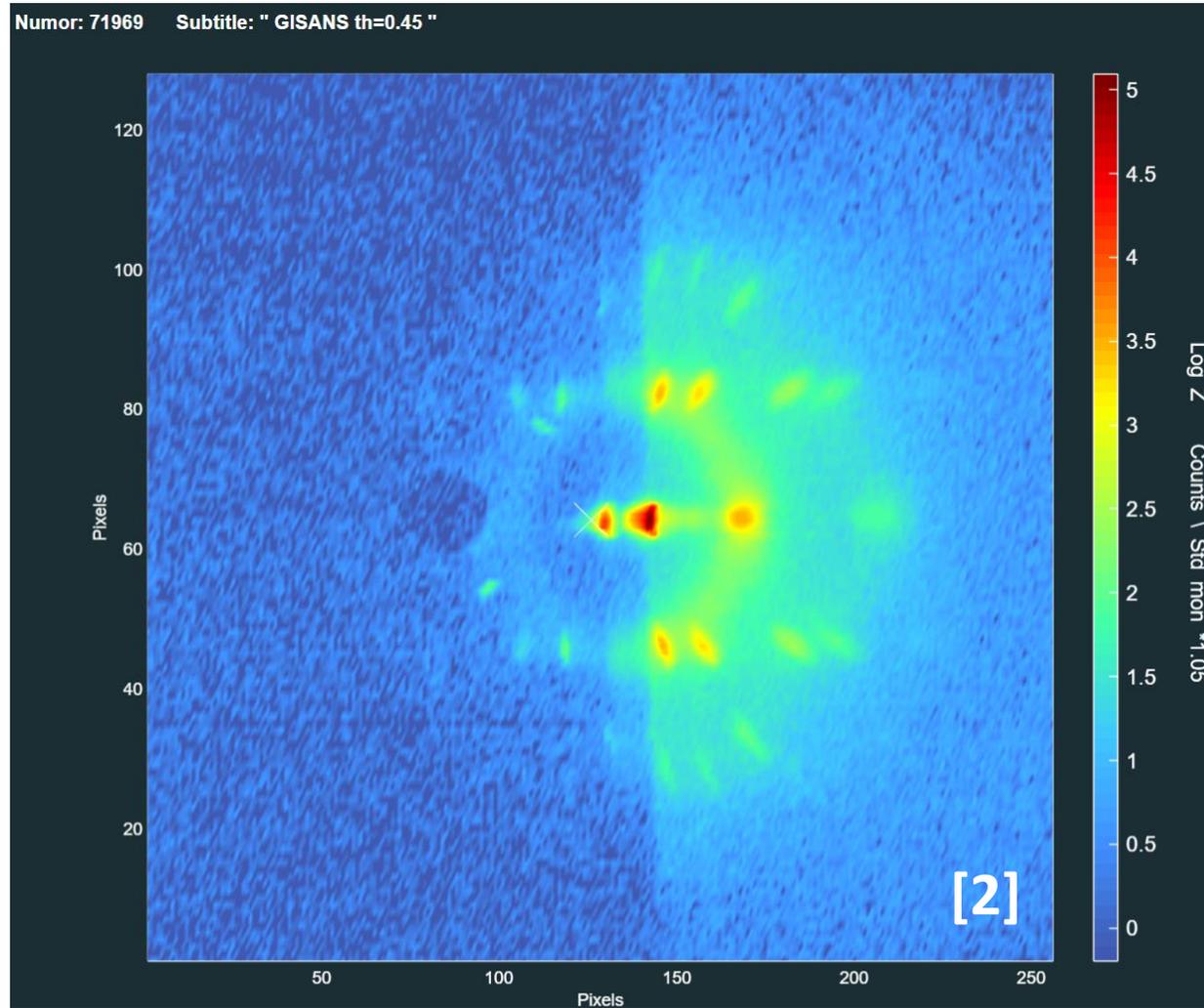
(GISANS, $\alpha_i = 0.3^\circ$, $T = 35^\circ\text{C}$, $P = 1\text{ bar}$)

Data from Wolff,
Vagias *et al.*



(GISANS, $\alpha_i = 0.45^\circ$, $T = 35^\circ\text{C}$, $P = 1\text{ bar}$)

Data from Wolff,
Vagias *et al.*



Some Discussion Themes

- What information is needed with data to fit models of background?
- Are there general recommendations to handle background scattering?
- Is least squares fitting of models for background feasible?
- Are empirical models useful? Are empirical models adequate?
- What models are needed?